

DR S PAWAR EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY



RV INSITITUTE OF PARAMEDICAL **SCIENCES COLLEGE**

AFFILIATED TO TELANGANA PARAMEDICAL BOARD (Recognition Certificate. No. 138/17/05/TSPMB/2023



Address:- RV Institute of Paramedical Sciences College 1-75/5/360A, Plot No - 8 Sai Bhavani Nagar Boduppal Hyderabad Telangana State Pin Code: 500092

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Recognition Certificate. No. 138/17/05/TSPMB/2023

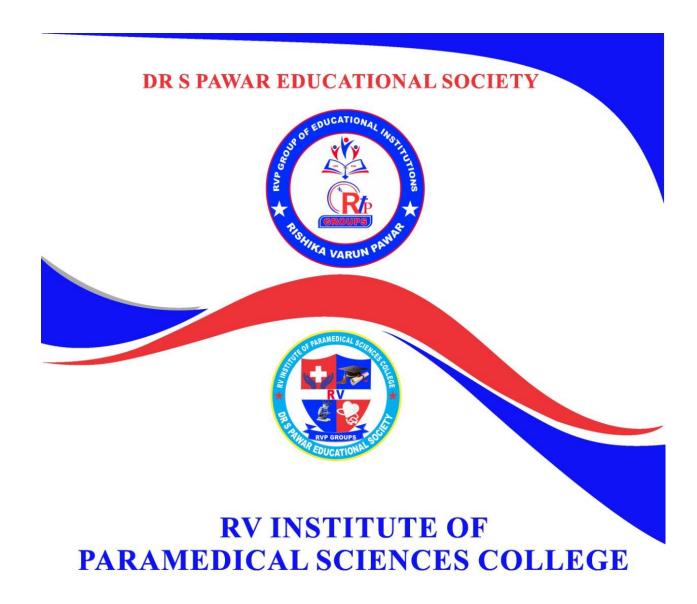
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DR S PAWAR EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY
RV DIGONOSTIC AND RESEARCH CENTRE





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Estd.2023





Dr. S Pawar Educational Society RV INSTITUTE OF PARAMEDICAL SCIENCE COLLEGE

Affiliated to TS Para Medical Board, Hyderabad, Telangana

College Adress: 1-75/5/360A, Plot # 8, Sai BhavaniNagar, Surya Hills, Boduppal, Hyderabad, Telangana 500092



Provided By TELANGANA PARAMEDICAL BOARD HYDERABAD, TELANGANA

SYLLABUS DMST

Theory Papers 3 + practical papers 3
6 Months Internship Training
followed by 100% Jobplacement assurance
Sub Topics (Part - A,B,C&D) of all
papers I, II & III Three Hoursof theory,
two hours of tutorial and weekly practical
sessions for a duration of 2 years
diploma 30 - 36 weeks

DMST-First Year

Paper	SUBJECTS	(MAX. INTE RNAL	MARKS) EXERNA L	Total 100	Pass Marks 40	Practical Marks	Pass Marks 24
I	A & B : Anatomy& Physiology C: Biochemistry D: Biostatistics A: Skeletal System B: Sources of infection	20	80	100	40	60	24
II	A:Basics of Pathology B:Basics of Blood Banking C: Basics of Microbiology A: Pharmacology B: pathology C: Intravenous therapy D: Prevention of pressure sore E:Respiration F: Parasitological	20	80	100	40	60	24
III	A:Hospital Awareness B:Communicatio n Skills C:Patient Related Services D: Basic of Central Sterilization A: Biomedical B:Physical examination C:CardiacProcedures D: Neurological H: Urinary	20	80	100	40	60	24

1.	Orientation Program	June I/II year
2.	Training after Theory classes	6 th months
3.	Practical Examination	July II year
4.	Theory examination	Sept II year

- Sankranthi Holidays 10 Days
- > Dasara and Batukamma holidays 15 days
- Summer Holidays 1 Month (May)

PAPER -1

A: Anatomy (Theory):-

1. Introduction:-

ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY

- (a). Common Anatomical terms & Anatomical Positions . Different parts of the human body
- (b) Tissue with Function & Classification (c) Cell & Animal Cell
- (2.) Skeletal system:
- (a) Bones, joint, & Movement (b) Muscles
- (3) Genito- Urinary System:(a) Male & Female Reproductive Organic System (b) Urinary bladder, Kidney and Ureter (C). Uterus & Urethra
- (4) Respiratory System(a) Lungs & Thoracic Cavity(b) Pleura (c) Surface marking of lungs
- (5) Gastro- Intestinal System :-(a) Mouth (b)Pharynx & Salivary gland and Tonsils(c)Oesophagus &stomach(d) Spleen & Pancreas (e) Gall Bladder & Liver (f) Surface making of

Abdomen (g) Structure of Digestive Tract

(6)Movement of the body(a) Upper Limb –Bones, Important Vessels (b) Lower Limb –Bones Important Vessels

- (7)Nerves System(a) C.S.F & Spinal Card (b) Nerves & Brain(c) Sympathetic And Sympathetic (d) Cranial and Spinal Nerves
- (8)Cardio Vascular System(a) Arterial System (b) Lymphatic and Venous System
- (c) Heart (d) Surface Making, Important Blood Vessels & Muscles(e) Pericardium
- B: Physiology (Theory)
- 1. Introduction to Human Physiology
- 2. Digestive System(a) Mastication deglutition(b)Function and Composition Saliva (c) Function of Stomach (d) Function and Composition of gastric juice (e) Function of Pancreatic Juice (f) Function of Bile
- 3. Respiratory System(a) Define-Respiratory Rate(b) Vital Capacity, Cyanosis
- (c)External & Internal Respiration (d) Transport of O2 and CO2 in the Blood (e) Function of Respiration its structure
- 4. Blood(a) Function of Blood (b) Composition of Blood (c) Anti- Coagulants(c)Description of Blood Cells(e) Blood Group of A B C O and Rh Factor(f) Function of Lymph (g)anaemia and its Type
- 5. Cardio- Vascular System(a) Define of Cardio output(b) Define the blood pressure, Electrocardiogram (e) Circulation (Systematic and Pulmonary) (f) Function of Heart (g) Function of Blood vessels (h) Cardio Cycle
- 6. Excretory System(a) Kidney (Function)(b) Formation of Urine (Normal and abnormal)(c) Composition of Urine
- 7. ENDOCRINE GLAND(a) Define- Name and hormones Secreted by than (b) Action of Hormones in our body
- 8. Reproductive System(a)Male female Genital System(b) Function of Ovary(c) Formation of Ova and Their action of ovarian Hormones(d) Function of Testis- Their action Testosterone(e)Mensuration Cycle and Fertilization (f)Progesterone and Oestrogen Hormones
- 9. Skin(a) Define the Skin (b) Function of Skin
- 10. Formation, Function & Composition of C.S.F.
- 11. Special Senses-Smell, Taste, Touch, Hearing

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Anatomy & Physiology for Paramedical students Pinky Rajendra Wadiya
- 2. Anatomy & Physiology -Teena kumari
- 3. Anatomy & Physiology- Indu Khurana Arushi Khurana
- 4. Anatomy & Physiology- Gyton
- 5. Ross & Wilson Anatomy & Physiology in Health & Illness
- 6. BD Chaurasias Human Anatomy Vol-I

C: BASICS OF BIO-CHEMISRY

- 1. Introduction to basics of Biochemistry including code of ethics for Medical Lab Technicians and Medical lab organization
- 2. Reception, Registration and Bio-Chemical parameters investigated.
- 3. GlasswareLaboratory.
- a. Glassware:
- 1. Types of glass and composition
- 2. Types of glassware used, their identification, application & uses.
- 3. Cleaning ,Drying, Maintainance and storage of glassware Plastic ware : Brief outline
- 4. Instrumental methods of Bio-chemical analysis. Colorimetry: Visual and Photoelectric methods, Instrumentation, Principle & laws involved construction, operation, care and maintainance, applications. Spectrophotometry: Principle and theory, types, construction & applications
- 5.Basic lab operations like, Separation of solids from liquids Centrifugation: Principle, Different types of centrifuges, care & maintainance and applicantions Filteration using funnel Weighing: Different types of balances used, care and maintainance Evoporation Distillation Refluxing

Drying different salts and dessication Water Chemicals and related substances Purity of hemicals

Corrosives Hygroscopic substances Prevention, safety and FIRST AID in lab accidents.

Collection of Specimens.

Blood: Type of Specimens, collection, Precautionsduring collection Processing and precautions

Urine: Types of Specimens, collection, precautionsduring collection Processing and precations

Urine Biochemical Parameters Units Of Measurements

Solutions: Types ,based on solute & solvent, Typesbased on method Of expressing concentration and calculation Carbohydrates: Definition, Biological Importance, Acid Value, Iodine

Value ,Saponification value.

Amino acids & Proteins: Definition, BiologicalDiagnostic Tests: Blood Sugar, Glucose ToleranceTest, Blood Urea, Serumic acid and serum creatinie

Vitamins & Minerals:

Vitamins: Water Soluble Vitamins, Fat Soluble

Vitamins, Sources, Daily Requirements, Deficiency Diseases.

Minerals: Sources, Daily Requirements, Deficiency Diseases.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Text Book on Bio-Chemistry for DMLT & Paramedical courses Dr . I Clement
- 2. Biochemistry U satyanarayana
- 3. Concise Text Book of Biochemistry -DM Vasudevan
- 4. Basics of Clinical Biochemistry & Instrumentation For Para medical Students Poonam Baccheti
- 5. A Text Book on Biochemistry for Paramedical Students -Dr. Kiran Dahiya
- 6. A Text Book of Medical Biochemistry Dr. Rajagopal Ganapathy
- 7. Biochemsry & Clinical pathology 4th edition VN Raje
- 8. Tesxt Book of Biochemistry for Paramedical Students 2nd edition-PRamamoorthy
- 9. Biochemistry for Medical Laboratory Technology Students Harbansand ashuma Sachdeva
- 10. Text Book of Applied Biochemistry and Nutrition & Dietetics Harbans lal

Part D: Basics Of Bio-Statistics

- 1. Introduction & Branches of Biostatistics
- 2. Types of variables, Measurements and measurement scales
- 3. Fundamentals of Biostatistics (Sample, Population, Variable)
- 4. Importance of Biostatistics in paramedical sciences
- 5. Methods of statistical analysis
- 6. Basics statistical concepts and data interpretation are discussed in the Subject (mean , median , mode)
- 7. The charecteristics of Biostatistics & its importance
- 8. Measurement of Distribution (Range, Variance & Standard Distribution)
- 9. Graphical methods to depict Data(histograms, bar-plots, pie charts, line Graph)

Reference

- 1. Biostatistics for medical & nursing students C.S. Agrawal
- 2. A text Book of biostatistics Vinod Kumar
- 3. Research methodology 7 Biostatistics Vinod kumar
- 4. Biomedical Statistics a beginners Guide shakti kumar Yadav
- 5. Fundamentals of biostatistics khan & Khanum

Paper-I

A. Skeletal system

(a)Bones $-$ Types
(b)Joints
Muscular System
Names of different muscles and its location
Cardio Vascular System
Structure of heart & position
Blood – Composition, clotting & grouping
Blood Vessels – structure & position
Blood pressure & pulse rate
Digestive System
Digestive organs – junctions, location Physiology of digestion Exocrine glands
Respiratory System
Organs of respiration – location; function External & Internal Respiration.
Anatomy & physiology (part II)
Excretory system
Structure & function of excretory organs
Nervous system
Structure of PNS, CNS, ANS
Structure of Neuron & physiology
Endocrine system
Site, function of pituitary, thyroid parathyroid, adrenal
Feed back mechanism

Hormones of each glands & their function

Sense Organs

Structure & function of Eye, Ear, Nose & skin

Reproductive system

Male reproductive Organs, Structure & function

Female reproductive Organs, structure function

B. Sources of infection

ingestion

- > Inhalation
- ➤ Contact
- > Mucus membrane
- > Congenital Transmission of factors
- ➤ Throat, nose, urine wounds, discharges.

Practicals ----- Skeletal System ----- Identification of bones.

The Basic structure of active micro – organism size, reproduction, factor influencing growth pathogenic and non – pathogenic organism common diseases caused by different types of Micro – Organism.

Control and destruction of Micro – organism

Principles and methods of microbial control

Sterilization – dry heat, moist heat and chemicals

Disinfections

Medical / surgical asepsis

Cross – infection

Control of spread of infection

Reference Books:

- 1. Anatomy & Physiology Wadiya
- 2. Human Body skeletal & Muscular system

- 3. Essentials of Physiology for paramedical students- K Sembulingam
- 4. Introduction for Paramedical Students- Reena Kaur Rupral
- 5. B D Chaurasia's Human Anatomy
- 6. Hand book of Osteology-Ajay Bhagat

Practical Paper-1

- 1. Study of compound microscope
- 2. Microscopic study of epithelial, connective, muscular and nervous tissues
- 3. Determination of bleeding time
- 4. Determination of clotting time
- 5. Determination of blood group
- 6. Determination of heart rate and pulse rate
- 7. Recording of blood pressure
- 8. Determination of ESR (erythrocytes sedimentation rate)
- 9. Qualitaive analysis of carbohydrates (glucose, fructose, lactose, maltose, sucrose and starch
- 10. Identification test for proteins (albumin and casein)
- 11. Quantitative analysis of reducing sugars DNS method and biurette method
- 12. Qualitative analysis of Urine for abnormal constituents
- 13. Determination of Blood Creatinine
- 14. Determination of Blood sugar
- 15. Determination of Serum Cholesterol
- 16. Preparation of Buffer solution and measurement of pH
- 17. Determination of enzymatic hydrolysis of starch
- 18. Determination of salivary amylase activity

- 19. Identificatio of Different types of
- A. Joints B. Ligaments and Tendons
- 20. Identify the Age of bone21. To identify the axial and appendicular skeleton
- 22. TO recognize cranial and facial bones
- 23. To identify joints or articulations and movement allowed
- 24. To observe types of bones Long, Flat, Sesamoid and Irregular

Paper-Il

Basics of Pathology

Introduction to Pathology in brief

- 1. Urine Analysis a. Physical Examination specific gravity PH, reaction, Colour.
- b. Chemical Examination Sugar Albumin, Bile salts, Bile Pigments etc.
- c. Microscopic, d. Sediment for RBC, WBC, Epithelial cells, Casts, Crystals, Parasites. Preparation of Reagents, procedure and principle of tests.
- Sputum Analysis Physical Examination, Preparation and staining smear for Microscopic Examination.
- 3. Semen Analysis Physical Examination Microscopy counting, Motility, Staining. Morphology. Abnormal and normal forms.
- 4. Body Fluids Differential count of Peritoneal, pericardial, pleural fluids & CSF, charging chamber, Identifying and counting the cells.

Reference Books:

- 1. Text Book on Pathology Dr . I Clement
- 2. Pathology for paramedical students & health sciences -Ramnik sood
- 3. Text Book of Pathology & genetics Rimpi Bansal
- 4. Histopathology Aruna Singh
- 5. Text Book of pathology for allied health sciences Ramadas Nayak

Part B: Basic Of Blood Banking

- 1. History of blood banking, To study evolution of different blood groups.
- 2. Blood grouping, typing and complement system , To study basics of different blood groups& complement system
- 3. Identification of antibodies and antibody screening, To identify various antibodies in blood group systems & methods of screening antibodies
- 4. Various blood components and their functions, To have knowledge of blood components and their functions and uses
- 5. Coagulation and hemostasis, To know basics of coagulation pathways and hemostasis
- 6. Immune hemolytic anaemias and Hemolytic disease of newborn , To know types of hemolytic anaemias along with details of hemolytic disease of newborn
- 7. Cross matching & compatibility testing, To know major & minorcross matching and compatibility testing
- 8. Donor selection, To know criteria of selection of donor
- 9. Pre-transfusion serologic testing, To know different tests used for pre transfusion serologic testing
- 10. Donor recruitment, phlebotomy and Donor reactions , To know how to perform phlebotomy and different donor reactions
- 11. Adverse blood transfusion reactions, To have complete knowledge of adverse blood ransfusion reactions
- 12. Investigations of transfusion reactions , To know how to investigate a blood transfusion reaction
- 13. Apheresis, To know what is apheresis & its importance
- 14. Preparation and storage of blood components and their uses, To know procedure 15. Record keeping, quality control and blood bank Inspections, To know importance of record keeping & preparation for inspection of blood banks according to the protocol
- 16. Guidelines for safe blood transfusion, To know the guidelines for safe blood transfusions
- 17. Safety procedures in blood banking, To know the safety procedures in blood banking to avoid serious hazards

- 18. Safe storage and transportation of blood and its components , To know how to store components, procedure for transportation of blood components
- 19. Safe disposal of lab waste in blood bank, To know in detail how to dispose lab waste in blood bank and its importance
- 20. Medicolegal aspects of blood banking , To know the importance of blood banking from medico-legal point of view
- 21. Administration of blood bank, To know different ways of administration in a blood bank,
- 22. Management of donor reactions in Blood donation camp, To enumerate steps in management of reactions in donor at camp site
- 23. Component preparation, To observe various steps in procedure for component preparation & enumerate them
- 24. Investigating a transfusion reaction, To enumerate various steps in investigating a transfusion, reaction
- 25. Conduction of blood donation camp , Toper form MOCK conduction of blood donation camp & later attend a blood donation camp
- 26. Documentation in blood bank, To write down all the steps point wiseon various documents required in blood bank and updation of these.

Reference Books:

- 1. Essentials of blood banking SR Mehdi
- 2. Standard operating procedures and regulatory guidelines blood banking Singal
- 3. Blood banking and transfusion practices Paula R. Howard
- 4. Blood banking and transfusion medicine basic principles & Practice Hillyer
- 5. Essentials of blood banking and transfusion medicine Ganga S Pilli

Part C: Basics Of Microbiology

Basics of Microbiology

- 1. Introduction to Microbiology in brief: Definition, History
- 2. Microscopy

- a) Principle working and maintenance of compound Microscope.
- b) Principle of Flourescent microscope, Electron Microscope, Dark Ground Microscope.

History: Types of Microscope: (a) Light Microscope, (b) DGI, (c) Fluroscent, (d) Phase contrast. (e) Electron Microscope: a). Transmision, b) Scanning, Principles of operational mechanisms of various types of Microscopes.

- 3. Sterilization and disinfection classification and Methods of sterilization. Sterilization: Definition, types and principles of sterilization methods: (a) Heat (dry heat, moist heat with special reference to autoclave, (b) Radiation, (c) Filtration, efficiencyAntiseptics and Disinfectants: Definition, types and properties, mode of action, uses of various disinfectants, precautions while using the disinfectants, qualities of a good disinfectants, testing efficiency of various disinfectants.1) Principle and Methods of sterilization by heat
- a) By Dry Heat, flaming, Red Heat, Hot air oven, incineration.
- b) By Merit Heat-pasteurization, Inspissation, tyndalisation, autoclave.
- 2) Filtration Methods
- 3) lonising Radiation Disinfection, Mode of action and uses of important chemical disinfections Phenol and Phenolic compounds, alcohols, halogens, dyes and acids and alkalies.
- 4) Gaseous Methods of sterilization.
- IV. Cleaning, drying & Sterilization of Glassware disposal of contaminated material i.e. clinical infective material inoculated culture media. Handling and Disposal of Biomedical waste.
- V. Biomedical waste management in a Microbiology Laboratory: types of the waste generated, segregation, treatment, disposal.
- VI. Morphology and classification of Bacteria Sp. of cell, capsule, flagella, spore,

Anaerobic Methods of cultivation of Bacteria.

Reference Books:

- 1. Text Book Of Microbiology for paramedical students Auju Dhir
- 2. Text Book of Microbiology for DMLT Students & Paramedical students Dr. I Clement
- 3. Text Book of Microbiology Dr. Arora

Paper II - Practicals:

- 1. Urine Analysis a. Physical Examination specific gravity PH, reaction, Colour.
- 2. Chemical Examination Sugar Albumin, Bile salts, Bile Pigments etc.
- c. Microscopic,
- 3. Sediment for RBC, WBC, Epithelial cells, Casts, Crystals, Parasites.
- 4. Sputum Analysis Physical Examination, Preparation and staining smear for Microscopic examination
- 5. Semen Analysis Physical Examination Microscopy counting, Motility, Staining. Morphology. Abnormal and normal forms.
- 6.Body Fluids Differential count of Peritoneal, pericardial, pleural fluids & CSF, Charging chamber, Identify and counting the cells
- 7.Blood Grouping and typing
- 8. Pre-transfusion serologic testing
- 9. Preparation and storage of blood components and their uses
- 10.Principles of sterilization methods (Autoclave, Filteration , Hot air oven , Inceniration, flaming & Radiation)
- 11.Introduction to experimental pharmacology
- 12. Study of different route of drug administration
- 13. Effect of drugs on ciliary motility of frog oesophagus
- 14.Effects of drugs on Rabbit Eye15. Study of Drugs on locomotor activity using actophotometer
- 16. Study of stereotype anticatartonic activity of drugs on Rat / Mice

Paper-III

A. Hospital Awareness

A brief idea of hospital as on organization management different units of a hospital effective communication skills, communication channel

Maintenance of records

Effective leadership
General patient care
Medical terminologies

Vital signs

Unit preparation

Transporting & Transferring patients

Sterilization Techniques

Control of infection

Medication-Oral & parenteral

Admission-Discharge procedure

Bandages

Practicals: Posted in ward & taught clinically

A. Surgical Department

Familiarization of different tubes

- 1. Drainage tube
- 2. Post Operative Exercises
- 3. Post OP Management of Patient
- 4. Shock of Management
- 5. Changing Surgical Dressing.
- 1. Preoperative preparation of patient
- 2. Preanesthetic preparation
- 3. Assisting in operation
- 4. Anaesthesia
- 5. CSSD
- 1. Recovery room

- 2. Movement of papers
- 3. Scheduling of theatres
- 4. Supplying of articles
- 5 Specific area practices

As scrubnurse, As circulating nurse

Communication and Computer Skills, Audio & Visual Aids

COMMUNICATION

Process, Types of communication, Strategies for effective Communication

Barriers of communication

SOFT SKILLS

Presentation with the use of visual aids such as power point Conversation Extempore speech, usage of effective language for communication of health work. Case studies and situational analysis, Survey and Reporting

COMPUTER

INTERNET CONCEPTS: Computer: basic MS-Office MS-Word, MS-Excel, MS-Power

Paint, Browsing, Down-Loading, Use Projector of Slide Projector

Reference Books:

- 1. Hospital administration and management joyfeep Das Gupta
- 2. Hospital administration DC Joshi
- 3. A handbook for understanding hospital services mishra & kaushik
- 4. Hospital and patient care management Dr. Vidhta srinivasan
- 5. Principles of hospital administration & planning

Part- C: Patient Related Services

1. Introduction

- 1. Information Management in Patient Care.
- 2. Concept of Patient Care.
- 3. Information to Support Patient Care.
- 4. Historical Evolution
- 5. Society and Influences
- 6. Professional practice model
- 7. Techniques of Patient Care.
- 8. Development & Innovative implimentation of patient Care.
- 9. Types, functions, Uses pr Patients & Hospitals

Reference Books:

- 1. Principles of hospital practice and patient care P Srinivasulu Reddy
- 2. Patient care technician kimberly townsend little
- 3. Hospital supporting services and systems- Dr. M. A. George

Part D: Basics of central sterilization

- 1. Introduction of sterilization
- 2. Functions of Sterilization
- 3. Types of Sterilization
- 4. Classification of Sterilization
- 5. Advantages & Disadvantages
- 6. Details of CSSD& its function & activity
- 7. Activities Reference Books:
- 2. Disinfection, sterilization and preservation
- 3. Instrumentation and control systems Y J Reddy

- 4. Hand book of biomedical instrumentation R S Khandpur
- 5. Biomedical waste disposal jaypee
- 6. Sterile processing karen davis

Paper-III

1) Bio Medical

Basic Electricity – Voltage, Current

Power, Ohms law definition Ressistance

Capacitance, Inductance, Electronic Emission

Resistors

Capacitors

Inductor, Diode

Transistor

Semi conductor – types

Amplifiers

Fuses – types, selections.

B. Physical Examination

Vital Signs

General Inspection

Eye Examination

ENT Examination

Neck

Cervical Nodes

- External Jugular Vein

- Thyroid
 Axillary Node
 Breast
 Thorax Lungs
 Heart Sound
 Abdomen
 Neurologic Exam

 F. Cardiac Procedures

 Cardio pulmonary resuscitation Cardiac pacing

 ECG monitoring / Bed side monitor

 G. Digestive

 Intermittent

 Administration of nasogostric tube feeding Total parental nutrition Hyper Continuous

 Alimentat Diabetes Insulin injection,
 - Glucometer
 - H. Neurological
 - 1. Assisting a patient with Paraplegia

Hemiplegia/Positioning Exercises.

2. Assisting a patient with increasing

intracranial pressure/ Observation

I. Urinary

Technique for obtaining clean – catch midstream voided, specimen Male & Female – Catheterization. Intake / Output charting. Recording & Reporting. Specialty

Special areas learning:

1. Hand washing Techniques

- 2. Gown techniques
- 3. Sterlization of Operation theater
- 4. Setting up of OT
- 5. Supplying of articles

Introduction to Immunology

- a. Brief outline of immunity
- b. What are antigens
- c. What are antibodies
- d. Different types of antigen and abtibody reaction their application in the diagnosis agglutination precipitation complement fixation, neutralization,RIA.
- e. Principle and method of ELISA test.

PRACTICALS:

- 1. Monitoring of vital signs, Spo2
- 2. ABG analysis
- 3. Types of Anesthesia required for different types of surgeries
- 4. A regular check of cannula and drains
- 5. Maintain records and reports
- 6. Transportation of patient to SICU
- 7. Suctioning of Endotracheal tube / Tracheostomy tube
- 8. After care of equipment
- 9. Mechanical ventilation Settings and modes

Reference Books:

- 1. Biomedical Electronics and Instrumentration G. S. Sawhney
- 2. Basic Course in Biomedical Research Tanmay Mehta

- 3. Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology- John M. Brown
- 4. A Text Book of Biomedical Laboratory Techniques P. Venkatesham

Paper III – Practical:

- 1. General patient care and maintainance of records
- 2. Control of infection
- 3. Changing surgical dressing
- 4. Preoperative preparation of patient
- 5. Preanesthetic preparation
- 6. Historical evolution in patient services
- 7. Techniques of patient care
- 8. Blood pressure measurement using sphygmomanometer
- 9. Study of Phonocardiogram (PCG)

Lab equipment:

Electro-medical/electrosurgical







OT Lights Cardiac Monitors,



























RV Institute of Paramedical Sciences College

Chairman/Director Correspondent & Secretary

Dr. Sangeetha Pawar W/o Dr. Subhash Pawar

1-75/5/360A Plot No 8 Sai Bhavani Nagar Boduppal Hyderabad Pin Code: 500092

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